

Supporting those affected by Inherited Metabolic Disorders

MCADD

MCADD is the most common Fatty Acid Oxidation Disorders, affecting 1:10,000 babies born in the UK. Newborn Screening detects approximately 60 cases each year in the UK. 1 in 50 in the UK are carriers for the condition and do not show symptoms.

People with MCADD are perfectly well providing they can eat regular meals or feeds as appropriate for their age. They can take part in all the activities that people of that age can normally undertake, and will grow and develop normally. However, symptoms may develop if someone with MCADD doesn't eat normally or becomes unwell with any infection which stops them tolerating food or feed. If it is not known that a child has MCADD, symptoms may occur when they are unwell with an infection typically between 3 to 18 months of age, as they experience a particular infection for the first time. Occasionally MCADD may present soon after birth or in older infants and exceptionally in adults after prolonged fasting/metabolic stress. Symptoms generally occur as recurrent episodes of metabolic crisis, which, are often triggered by an infection, and/or a period of fasting.

Synonyms

Alternative names for this condition are:

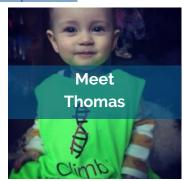
Medium Chain Acyl CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency

Further information about this condition is available from Climb.

Disclaimer

Please read our disclaimer and information on data protection.







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